

Herwig++ for BSM

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[on behalf of the Herwig++ team]

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Herwig++ details

- General purpose MC event generator
 - Uses ThePEG (Toolkit for High Energy Physics Event Generation)
 - Native matrix elements and interfaces
 - POWHEG and MC@NLO matching
 - Angular ordered and dipole showers, cluster hadronization, underlying event...
- Major new release coming soon (more on that later)
- Currently ~ 15 collaboration members in CERN, Durham, Karlsruhe, Manchester
- More info at [arXiv:0803.0883](https://arxiv.org/abs/0803.0883) and download at <http://herwig.hepforge.org>

Outline

- 1 Current BSM simulation
- 2 SM in Herwig++ 3.0
- 3 BSM in Herwig++ 3.x ($x > 0$)
- 4 Summary

Hard processes in Herwig++

Simulation of BSM hard processes can be done by:

- 1 Reading in LHE files
- 2 Using internal helicity amplitudes with:
 - Hand-coded models
 - Universal FeynRules Output

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1. Les Houches event files

- Generate partonic events in LHA format using an external matrix element generator
- Input through ThePEG LesHouchesReader class
- Handles positive and negative fixed weights - NLO compatible

Hard processes in Herwig++

2. Internal simulation

Automatic determination of MEs for $2 \rightarrow 2$, $1 \rightarrow 2$, $1 \rightarrow 3$ (and some $1 \rightarrow 4$) processes, including spin correlations

- Based on implementation of the HELAS formalism
- Interactions are coded as Vertex classes which evaluate e.g $\bar{\psi} c \gamma^\mu [g_L P_L + g_R P_R] \psi \epsilon_\mu$
- Inherit from existing Lorentz structures

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Hand-code models by implementing:

- Input file specifying particle content
- Model class that stores/calculates parameters of the model
- Vertex classes with the new coupling information
- E.g. MSSM, NMSSM, RPV SUSY, ADD and RS gravitons, UED, leptoquarks, sextet...

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UFO model converter

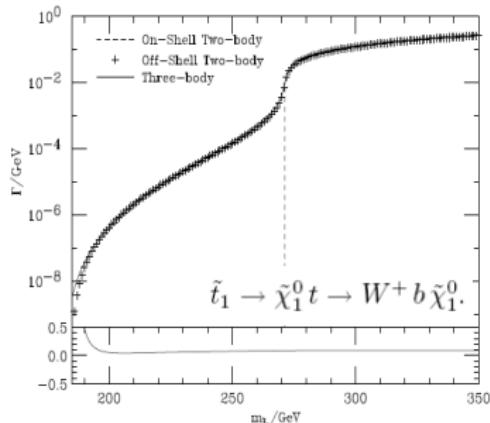
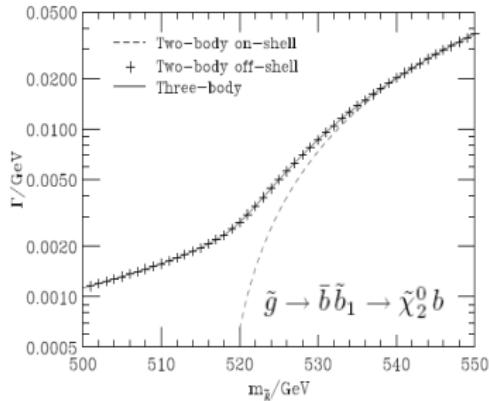
- Automatically convert models in UFO format into a Herwig++ model
- `$ufo2herwig /path/directoryName`

Decays of BSM particles

Finite width effects

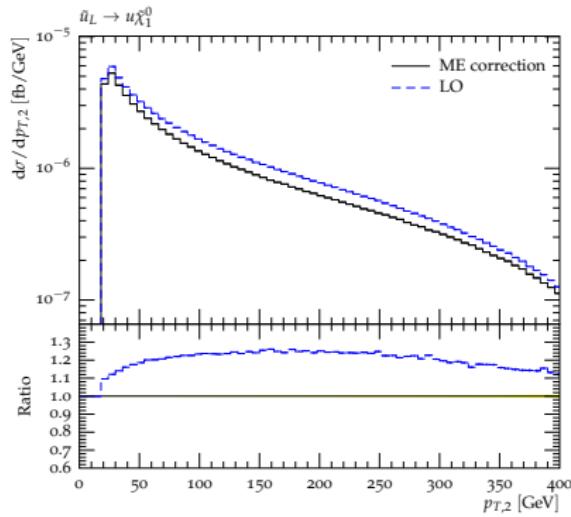
- NWA used to separate production and decay
- Often need to include finite width effects
- Distribute masses of outgoing particles in hard processes and decays using a weight factor [arXiv:0805.3037]

$$w = \frac{1}{\pi} \int dm^2 \frac{m\Gamma(m)}{(m^2 - M^2)^2 - m^2\Gamma^2(m)}$$



Decays of BSM particles

- Improve simulation of hard radiation using PowHEG inspired ME correction [arXiv:1303.4563]
- Available for $1 \rightarrow 2$ decays involving:
 - scalar, fermion, vector and tensor* particles
 - colour singlets, (anti)fundamental and adjoint reps of SU(3)



*Not for decays involving coloured tensors

Herwig++ 3.0

Main feature: automated LO and NLO cross sections

Also spin correlations in shower, QED radiation. No major changes for BSM

MATCHBOX framework

- Automated NLO calculations
- Matching to angular ordered/dipole showers via POWHEG and MC@NLO
- (Functionality for (N)LO merging)

Improved evaluation of shower and scale uncertainties.

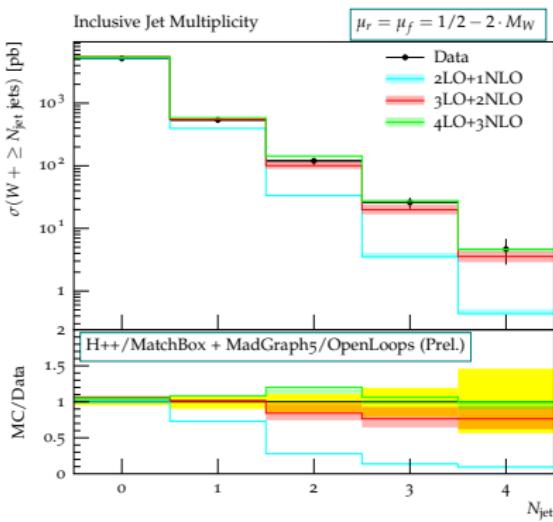
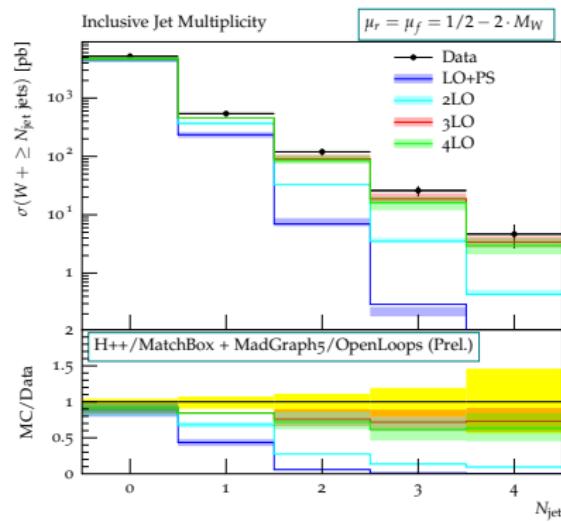
Easy variation of:

- Renormalization scale, μ_R
- Factorization scale, μ_F
- Hard shower scale, μ_Q (p_T veto for shower emissions)

Herwig++ 3.0

Matrix element merging in MATCHBOX [J. Bellm, S. Gieseke, S. Plätzer]

- Unitarized approach
- Smoothly integrated with no extra event files or external codes to run



Herwig++ 3.0

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Matchbox Overview.

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{NLO}} = & \int_n d\sigma_{\text{LO}} \left(\frac{|\mathcal{M}_{n,0}\rangle}{|\mathcal{M}_{n,0}|^2} \right) + \int_n \left[d\sigma_V \left(\frac{|\mathcal{M}_{n,0}\rangle, |\mathcal{M}_{n,1}\rangle}{2\text{Re}(\langle \mathcal{M}_{n,0} | \mathcal{M}_{n,1} \rangle)} \right) + d\sigma_A \left(\frac{|\mathcal{M}_{n,0}\rangle}{|\mathcal{M}_{n,0}^{ij}|^2} \right) \right] \\ & + \int_{n+1} \left[d\sigma_{\text{PS}} \left(\frac{P(\tilde{q}), D(p_\perp)}{R_{\text{ME}}(p_\perp)} \right) - d\sigma_A \left(\frac{|\mathcal{M}_{n,0}\rangle}{|\mathcal{M}_{n,0}^{ij}|^2} \right) \right] \\ & + \int_{n+1} \left[d\sigma_R \left(\frac{|\mathcal{M}_{n+1,0}\rangle}{|\mathcal{M}_{n+1,0}|^2} \right) - d\sigma_{\text{PS}} \left(\frac{P(\tilde{q}), D(p_\perp)}{R_{\text{ME}}(p_\perp)} \right) \right]\end{aligned}$$

Interfaces at amplitude level

- Color bases provided, including interface to `ColorFull`.
[M. Sjödahl, S. Plätzer]
- Spinor helicity library and caching facilities.
- `MadGraph5`.
[`MadGraph` & J. Bellm, S. Gieseke, S. Plätzer, AW]
- Some in-house calculations and parts of `HJets++`.
[F. Campanario, T. Figy, S. Plätzer, M. Sjödahl]

Interfaces at squared amplitude level

- Dedicated interfaces.
[HEJ & S. Plätzer]
[`nlojet++` & J. Kotanski, J. Katzy, S. Plätzer]
- `BLHA2`.
[`GoSam` & J. Bellm, S. Gieseke, S. Plätzer, C. Reuschle]
[`NJet` & S. Plätzer]
[`OpenLoops` & J. Bellm, S. Gieseke]
[`VBFNLO` & K. Arnold, S. Gieseke, S. Plätzer]

Matchbox infrastructure

based on [S. Plätzer & S. Gieseke – Eur.Phys.J. C72 (2012) 2187]

- Process generation and bookkeeping, integration.
- Automated Catani-Seymour dipole subtraction.
- Diagram-based multi-channel phase space.

Shower plugins

matching details & uncertainties [in preparation]

- Dipole shower $D(p_\perp)$.
- Angular ordered shower $P(\tilde{q})$.
- ME correction $R_{\text{ME}}(p_\perp)$, including adaptive sampling.



Matrix-element corrections for BSM processes

Idea: use MATCHBOX framework and interfaces to add higher order corrections for BSM production processes

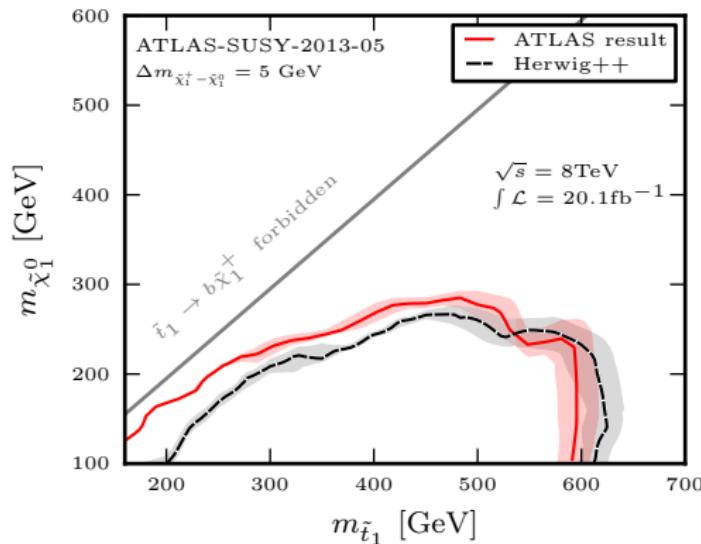
Generally limited by absence of virtual matrix elements
→ PowHEG style matrix-element correction

- Correct hardest parton shower emission using NLO real-emission contribution
- But total cross section and inclusive observables still only at LO (not NLO)

Test case: $pp \rightarrow \tilde{q}\tilde{q}^*$ in MSSM using MATCHBOX and MADGRAPH 5 amplitudes

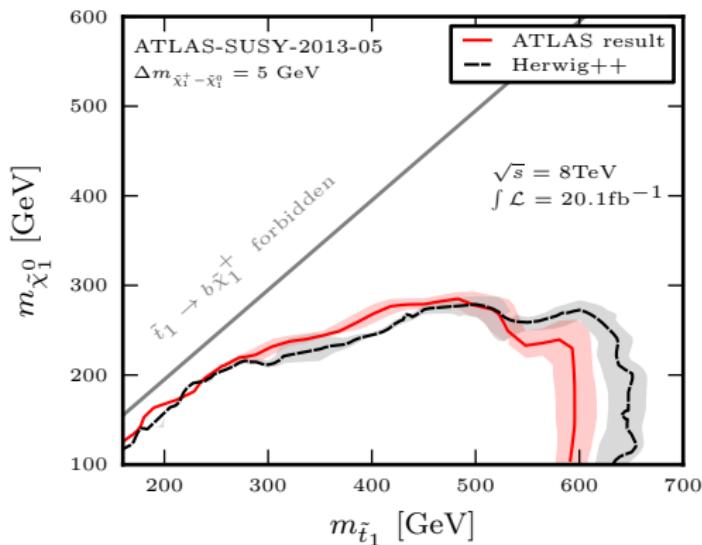
Top squark pair production: before

- ATLAS search for direct production of the top squark in events with missing E_T and two b -jets [arXiv:1308.2631]
- $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^+ \rightarrow b\bar{f}f'\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ with $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^+} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 5 \text{ GeV}$
- Original signal simulated with MADGRAPH + PYTHIA 6 (with MLM merging)



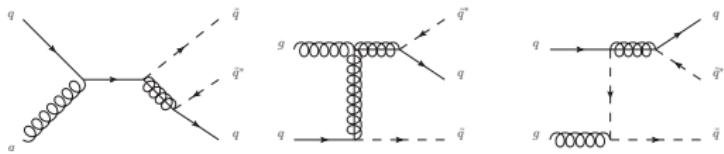
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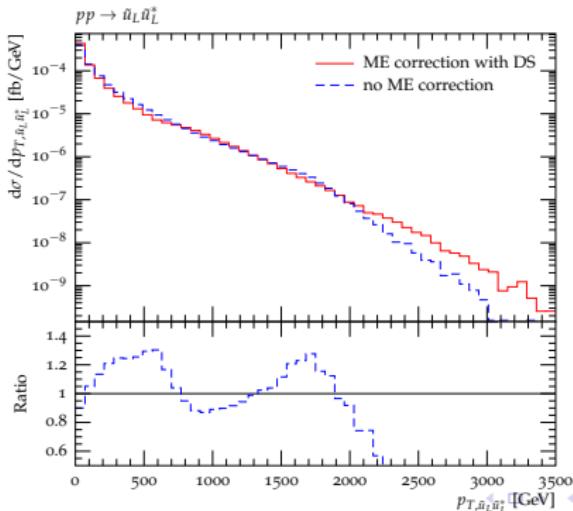


General squark pair production: $pp \rightarrow \tilde{q}\tilde{q}^*$ for $\tilde{q} \neq \tilde{t}$

New potentially divergent qg -initiated contributions if $m_{\tilde{g}} > m_{\tilde{q}}$



Subtract resonant contribution from real-emission correction
(treat instead as $qg \rightarrow \tilde{q}\tilde{g}$ with $\tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}^*$)



Summary

- Herwig++ provides a flexible tool for BSM simulation
- Easy to add new models using UFO converter
- Automated NLO calculations for SM processes coming in Herwig++ 3.0
- Improvement to simulation of hard radiation in BSM processes coming soon

Thanks for your attention